ANTI-INFLAMMATORY Cating Juice

Chronic inflammation can lead to numerous long-term health problems. Eat a wide variety of anti-inflammatory foods every day to promote health and well-being.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES

Choose seasonal, organic produce (where possible), of a variety of colours (eat a rainbow each day); consider fermented vegetables to restore and support gut bacteria.

Vegetables: Asparagus, beetroot, broccoli, bok choy, brussel sprouts, cabbage, carrots, kale, zucchini, onion, celery, sweet potato, spinach, capsicum, fennel

Fruit: Avocado, raspberries, blueberries, strawberries, nectarines, oranges, grapefruit, red grapes, plums, pomegranates, blackberries, cherries, apples, cranberries, kiwi fruit, pineapple

Fungi: Shiitake, reishi, maitake mushrooms



FATS AND OILS

Monounsaturated fats: Avocadoes, nuts such as hazelnuts, cashews and almonds, olive oil Polyunsaturated fats: Fish (e.g. salmon, herring, mackerel, sardines and anchovies), seafood, nuts such as walnuts and brazil nuts, flaxseeds, chia seeds, eggs For cooking: Coconut oil, olive oil, avocado oil, macadamia oil For finishing/dressing: Extra virgin olive oil, hemp seed oil, flaxseed oil, walnut oil

GRAINS AND PSEUDO GRAINS

Consider wholegrains and pseudo grains with minimal processing (e.g. steel cut oats versus rolled oats).

Wholegrains: Brown rice, wild rice, barley, oats, freekah, bulgur, wholemeal sourdough

Pseudo grains: quinoa, amaranth, buckwheat

LEGUMES AND BEANS

Adzuki beans, chickpeas, kidney beans, black beans, butter beans, soy beans (including fermented soy products such as miso, tempeh, tofu, edamame), lentils.

HERBS AND SPICES

antioxidant effect.

cloves, cayenne, cacao.

Add generously to meals for extra flavour and

Garlic, turmeric, ginger, rosemary, cinnamon, thyme,

Let food be thy medicine and medicine be thy food

BEVERAGES

Aim for 2L of water a day. Herbal teas can make a good substitution for coffee.

Water, kombucha, broth, nut/plant-based milks, green tea, herbal teas (e.g. ginger, dandelion, licorice).



Ask your practitioner today for your complete anti-inflammatory eating guide



NUTS AND SEEDS

- Choose a wide variety of raw and organic (where possible).
- Nuts: Walnuts, almonds, pistachios, brazil nuts, macadamias, cashews
- Seeds: Sesame seeds, chia seeds, flaxseeds, pumpkin seeds, sunflower seeds

FISH AND SEAFOOD

- Consider wild caught fatty fish where possible; eat large fish in moderation due to potential heavy metal contamination.
- Salmon, mackerel, tuna, anchovies, herring, sardines, trout, swordfish, oysters.